

THIS IS NOT TO BE CONSIDERED LEGAL ADVICE**Canvassing**Section 48 of the *Municipal Elections Act, 1996*

The Clerk determines what locations will be used as voting places. The Clerk does not permit electioneering of any nature in or on these premises, which includes the entire building and the property of which it is located.

The *Municipal Elections Act, 1996*, provides that while an elector is in a voting place, no one shall attempt, directly or indirectly, to influence how the elector votes and that no one shall display a candidate's campaign material or literature in a voting place.

Access to Rented PremisesSection 28 of the *Residential Tenancies Act, 2006*

'No landlord shall restrict reasonable access to a residential complex by candidates for election to any office at the federal, provincial or municipal level, or their authorized representatives, if they are seeking access for the purpose of canvassing or distributing election material.'

If a candidate is experiencing difficulty in gaining access to these premises, they should contact the landlord of the building.

Access to CondominiumsSection 118 of the *Condominium Act, 1998*

'No corporation or employee or agent of a corporation shall restrict reasonable access to the property by candidates, or their authorized representatives, for election to the House of Commons, the Legislative Assembly or an office in a municipal government or school board if access is necessary for the purpose of canvassing or distributing election material.'

If a candidate is experiencing difficulty in gaining access to these premises, they should contact the housing co-operative representative.

Access to Co-operative Housing Units

Section 171.24 of the *Co-operative Corporations Act, 1990*

'No non-profit housing co-operative or servant or agent of such a co-operative shall restrict reasonable access to the housing units of the co-operative by candidates, or their authorized representatives, for election to the House of Commons, the Legislative Assembly, any office in a municipal government or a school board for the purpose of canvassing or distributing election material.'

If a candidate is experiencing difficulty in gaining access to these premises, they should contact the housing co-operative representative.

National 'Do Not Call' List (DNCL)

CRTC News Release, April 20, 2009

The Canadian Radio-television and Telecommunications Commission (CRTC) has clarified its telemarketing rule with respect to municipal candidates. The CRTC has determined that telecommunications from electoral candidates who are not affiliated with a registered political party are exempt from the National DNCL Rules.